

# Research questions and methodologies: why science is always political

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Download and cite: <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.5503963>

Presented at the Digital Society Initiative – Health Community meeting.

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Can 'health' be imposed to someone without their consent?

“autonomy [...] promotes better mental and physical health.”

Ng, Ntoumanis, Thøgersen-Ntoumani, Deci, Ryan, Duda, Williams 2012

# Today's challenges in society



## “Autocratization turns viral”

“The level of democracy enjoyed by the average global citizen in 2020 is down to levels last found around 1990. [...] Ruling governments [...] polarize societies by disrespecting opponents.”

V-Dem Institute 2021



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## “Deaths from hunger are outpacing the virus”

“This year, 20 million more people have been pushed to extreme levels of food insecurity [...] Since the pandemic began, the number of people living in famine-like conditions has increased sixfold.”

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## “The pandemic exacerbates pre-existing tensions and vulnerabilities”

“The general population is showing signs of fatigue; the ‘passive hold-out mode’ of the crisis has taken its toll. [...] Child psychiatry experts also observe a clear increase in treatment needs for suicidal thoughts and attempts.”

Swiss Federal Office of Public Health 2021

## Is today's medical research empowering people?

“Method, then, unavoidably produces not only truths and non-truths, [...] but also arrangements with political implications.”

John Law 2004





**Different perspectives**

**embedded in medical research**





## Self-management

- Patient follows a self-management plan
- Medical professional is a trainer
- Success: **compliance** to treatment



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## Critical public health

- Patient challenges structural barriers to health
- Medical professional as potential oppressor or radical ally
- Success: **change in social and political structures**

## Does the scientific culture help us ask (sound) questions?

“In modern research, false findings may be the majority or even the vast majority of published research claims.”

John Ioannidis 2005



**Some perspectives**

**embedded in research questions**





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- historical data on diseases (quanti)
- co-creation + surveys (quali, quanti)







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- epidemiology (expert-based)
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- collect → analyze → interpret → publish (waterfall)
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- critical public health (emancipatory)

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- universal, single truth (positivism, mechanism)
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- local customs → shared use rights, knowledge commons

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## Social contract

- universal rules by experts (Westphalian constitutions)
- collectively lived, local customs (Indigenous oral tradition)

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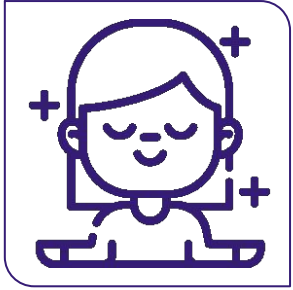




# An exercise

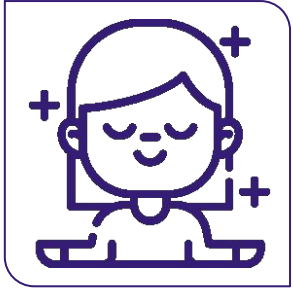
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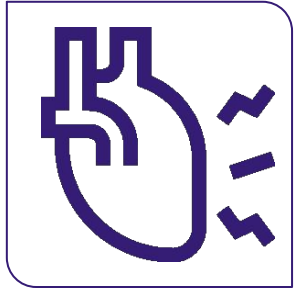


close your eyes  
and observe  
your **sensations**

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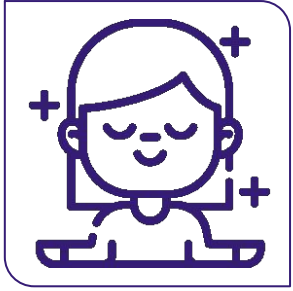


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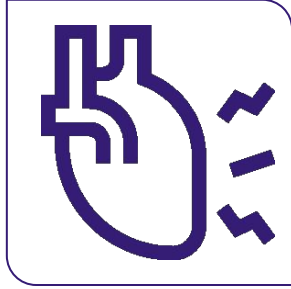


**count** the beats  
you feel on your  
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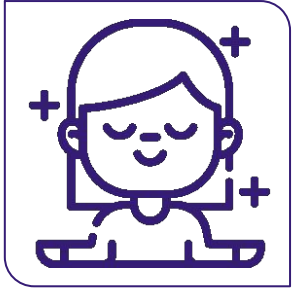


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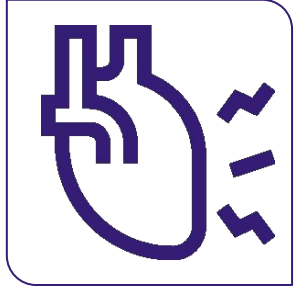


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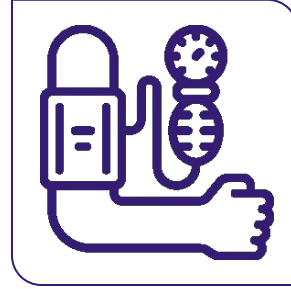
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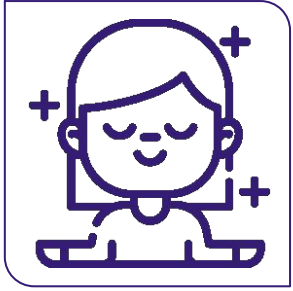


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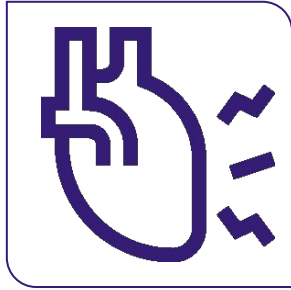


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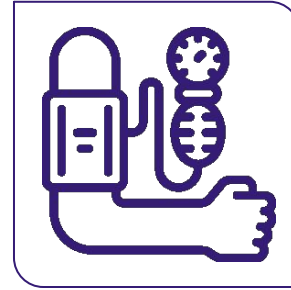
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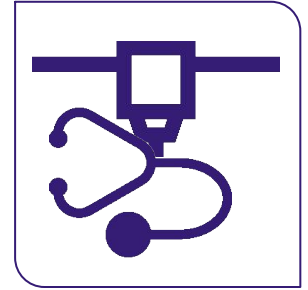
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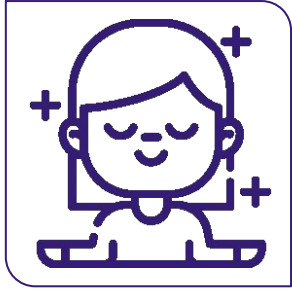


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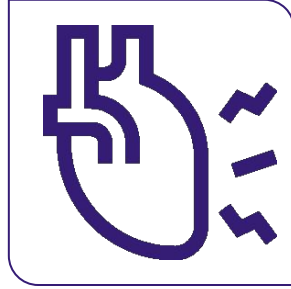


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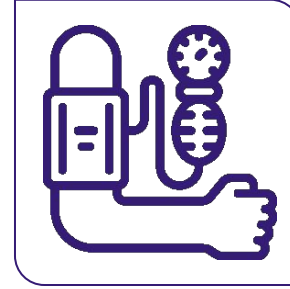
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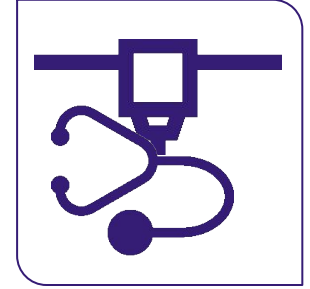
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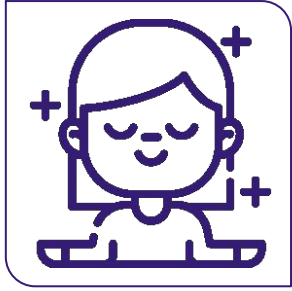


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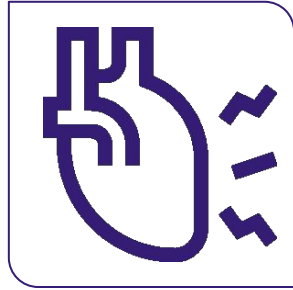
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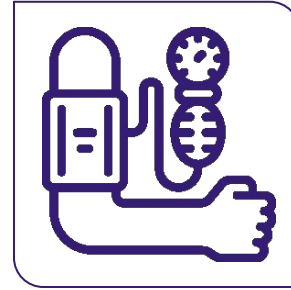
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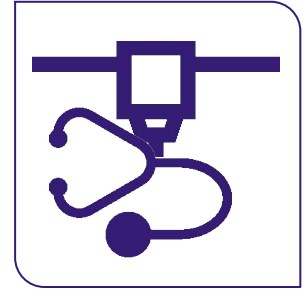
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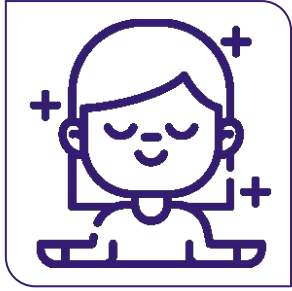


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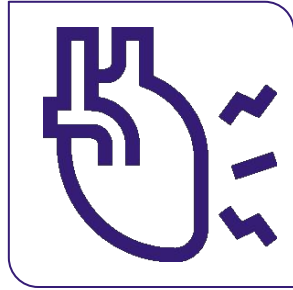
→ which options provides you with the *minimal* required information?

→ which option enables you to *significantly* develop your skills?

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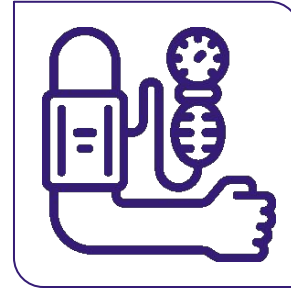
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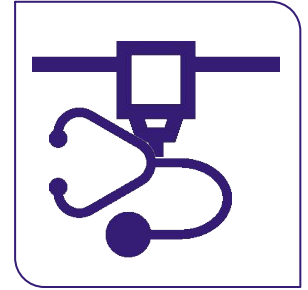
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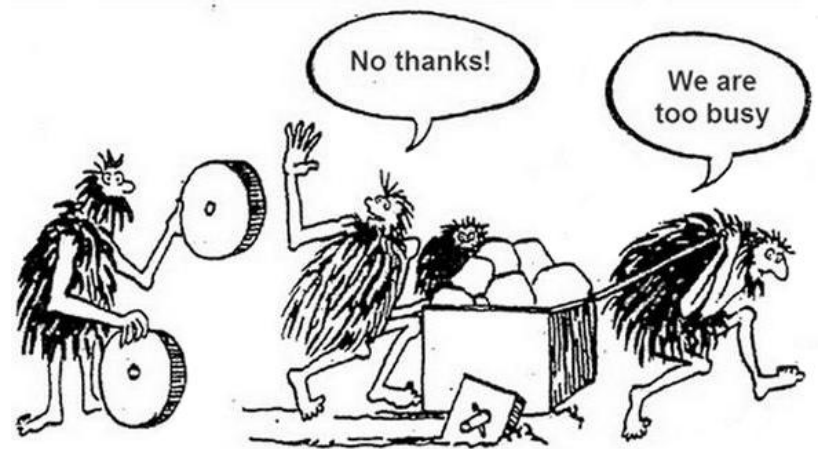
- which options provides you with the *minimal* required information?
- which option enables you to *significantly* develop your skills?
- what are the *implicit beliefs* embedded in each option?

**Next steps?**

# What about taking time to improve how we cooperate?

“public policy should [...] facilitate the development of institutions that bring out the best in humans.”

Elinor Ostrom 2009



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## Additional resources

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Thank you

